Governor's Commission for a Drug Free Indiana

A Division of the



Comprehensive Community Plan

County: Henry

LCC: ARIES Henry County Local Coordinating Council

Date Due: March 31, 2014

Date Submitted: March 31, 2014 (revised 4/7/14)

New Plan Plan Update FINAL VERSION [note: This is a 9 month report because our plan update was changed from May 31st to March 31st.]

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County Commissioners: Ed Yanos, Chairman;

Kim Cronk, William Cronk

Address: 101 S Main St. City: New Castle, IN Zip Code: 47362

Plan Summary

Mission Statement: It is the mission ARIES Henry County Local Coordinating Council (AHCLCC) to work cooperatively with the community and area agencies on behalf of its youth and adults to reduce substance abuse through intervention, education and support.

History: Henry County was named after Patrick Henry in 1822. It is located in East Central Indiana. New Castle is the county seat. Old National Road also known as US 40 is the one of the oldest roads in America. It cuts across the entire southern part of the county. Interstate 70 is just north of US 40. The largest cities and towns in Henry County are: Blountsville, Cadiz, Dunreith, Grant City, Greensboro, Kennard, Knightstown, Lewisville, Middletown, Mooreland, Mount Summit, New Lisbon, Shirley, Springport, Straughn, Sulphur Springs, and Westwood. Not all of these small towns are incorporated.

Henry County has populations of approximately 49,462 with approximately 87% of the population identifying themselves as Caucasian. The following information regarding Henry County is from Stats Indiana, in.gov. And Indiana Dept. of Workforce:

- Number School age 5 to 17: 8,277
- Households, married with children: 18,837
- Households, single parents: 1,513
- Adults with high school diploma or higher: 84.5%
- Adults with B.A. or higher degree: 13.9%
- Per Capita Personal Income (annual) in 2011: \$29,214
- Median Household Income in 2011: \$36,572
- Poverty Rate: 18.4%
- Poverty rate among children under 18: 24.1%
- Estimated population: 49,462
- Square miles: 391.90
- Unemployment rate for March 2013: 10.5%
- Number of establishments with alcohol licenses: 86 / # per 10,000=17.46 / rank in state 24
- 2009 Alcohol Related Arrest Rate per 1,000 persons: 9
- 2009 Drug Related Arrest rate per 1,000 persons: 4

A.R.I.E.S. Henry County (AHCLSS) was formed in 1986 by a group of concerned citizens in the area, mainly school administrators, who believed the issues of drug and alcohol among our Henry County youth should be addressed. AHCLCC became incorporated in 1989 and launched the first Red Ribbon Campaign in Henry County. That same year, AHCLCC received the Governor's Showcase Award for its anti-abuse efforts. All AHCLCC project plans and programs include all school corporations in Henry County. It is our firm belief that in order to make an impact on the young people in our area, we must present an organized and united front which includes each of the communities represented in Henry County. The group works with the Indiana Criminal Justice Institute.



Summary of the Comprehensive Community Plan:

A.R.I.E.S. LCC operates with a board of directors and employs an ICAP employee on a part-time basis to handle part of the administrative duties. A committee is formed to award grants. Programs include:

- * DARE (evidence based program) for 5th graders and middle school
- * H.C. Sheriff's Camp, Youth League,
- * Voice of Henry County Youth Council
- * SIDNE
- * ARIES Outreach
- * Too Good For Drugs program (evidence based program) for 2nd and 3rd grade students
- * Henry Co. Court Services for offenders who are court order to the program
- * <u>Substance Abuse Treatment Program/SATP</u> (*evidence based program* -Evidence summarized for this program has been developed from grant funds provided by the NIH National Institute on Drug Abuse (NIDA) to TCU/IBR for more than four decades. It includes studies from all three NIDA-funded national evaluations of treatment effectiveness in field settings in the U.S., theoretical formulations of treatment process stages that emerged in part from these national evaluations, targeted interventions based on TCU Mapping-Enhanced Counseling, assessment strategies for monitoring client needs and performance, and program-level dynamics related to innovation adoption and effectiveness.)
- * Thinking For A Change (evidence based program) for inmates at the Jail and Jail Annex

The AHCLCC has regularly scheduled meetings to address the concerns regarding drug and alcohol issues within Henry County. These meetings are held on a scheduled basis eleven months a year at 12 noon on a Tuesday. These meetings are open to the public. All meetings are advertised. Matters relating to substance abuse are discussed and plans for combating problems, educating the public, and ways to increase community collaborations are discussed. The group received regular updates on most of the programs that are funded for the year. The HCLCC is made up of a diverse group of members. They come from different organizations with multiple interests. The HCLCC Chairperson is Charlie Willis, (Principal, Shenandoah High School). Susan Lightfoot is Vice Chair and Cindy Bay is Secretary. Our coalition is supported by Sonja Carrico from The Governor's Commission for a Drug Free Indiana. In 2012, John Pennycuff of ICAP assisted in administrative needs and Olene Veach is the volunteer coordinator.

During 2011, we made major improvements related to the plan by informing all involved agencies as to the content of the plan. This helped for 2012, grantees and Board members have been more involved in the components of the current plan and the plan for the next three years. However, hopefully, in the new plan for the next three years, we will smooth out a lot of the problem issues in this plan.

New releases invite requests for proposals. Proposals are reviewed by a committee of Board members. The ARIES Grant Committee recommends how the Drug Free Community Funds will be allocated. The ARIES Board will, in turn, approve or amend those recommendations. Following the ARIES Board approval, ARIES will follow the



protocol outlined by the Henry County Clerk's office for the disbursement of funds. As a matter of courtesy, the ARIES Board will also notify the County Commissioners as to how the funds are being allocated.

Emphasis continues to be placed upon the following three categories:

- 1 Prevention/Education
- 2 Treatment/Intervention
- 3 Law Enforcement/Criminal Justice

The AHCLCC utilize results of surveys and input from grantees and board members to identify three problems which they believe should be addressed in the coming years.

They are as follows:

- 1. Adults are engaging in prescription/OTC drug abuse.
- 2. Increase number of youth referred to treatment for alcohol use.
- 3. Decrease alcohol related crimes for youth and adults.

The ARIES Henry County Local Coordinating Council invites all organization/programs receiving funding through the Drug Free Communities Fund to attend meetings. ARIES requires these groups to submit semi-annual and annual reports to them. In 2013, we initiated a short report form for each grantee to submit at the end of a quarter. This will be used in completing state quarterly reports and other reports. They must also submit copies of invoices for equipment purchased, (if scheduled) participate in at least one onsite visit by appointed coalition members and understand that all grant money received shall be expended as described in their original application. Most of the grantees provide the Council with a monthly review of their activities. These are discussed at their monthly meetings. Grantees are now included in submitting ideas to focus on the problem areas selected for the county plan.

ARIES, Henry County Local Coordinating Council is made up of individuals from local organizations who through their work or by their involvement in the community are interested in improving the community and decreasing the use of drugs and alcohol.



Membership List

County LCC Name:

#	Name	Organization	Race	Gender	Category
1	Butch Baker	H.Co. Sheriff	Caucasian	Male	Law
					Enforcement
2	Cindy Bay	Homemaker	Caucasian	Female	Parent
3	Jim Becker	Minister	Caucasian	Male	Faith Based
				_	Community
4	Kimberly Kilgore	Henry Co.	Caucasian	Female	Community
		United Fund			Service
	G 711.C .	n 1 n .		- 1	Agency
5	Susan Lightfoot	Probation Dept	Caucasian	Female	Justice
6	Michael Mahoney	Deputy	Caucasian	Male	Justice
	Dang Mathia	Prosecutor H.C. Health	Caucasian	Male	Health
7	Doug Mathis		Caucasian	Maie	пеани
8	Nick Middletown	Department New Castle	Caucasian	Male	Education
0	NICK MITUUICTOWII	Elem. School	Caucasian	Wate	Education
		Principal			
9	John Pennycuff	Dir. Children's	Caucasian	Male	Early-
		Services ICAP		112420	Education
10	Kim Rhodes	Mgr of Finance	Caucasian	Female	Business
		and Admin.			
		REMC			
11	Olene Veach	Volunteer	Caucasian	Female	Civic
					Volunteer
12	Charlie Willis	Shenandoah	Caucasian	Male	Education
		School System			
	771 1 777 1 1 -	H.S. Principal			71 -
13	Melanie Wright	Ivy Tech Asst.	Caucasian	Female	Education
		Director &			Ad Hoc
		Voice			Member
10	Sonya Carrico	Community	Caucasian	Female	Governor's
13	Sunya Carricu	Community consultant	Caucasian	remaie	Commission
		Consultant			for a Drug
					Free IN
14	Karen Raines	Administrative	Caucasian	Female	Ad Hoc
		Assistant			Member
15	Bethany Roe	Program	Caucasian	Female	Governor's
	•	Manager			Commission
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Problem Identification

A. Problem Statement #1: Adults in Henry County are engaging in prescription/OTC drug abuse.

B. Supportive Data:

- 1. 2013: Survey by A.R.I.E.S. 305 responses (ages 15-over 65)—indicated they see prescription drug abuse as the number 1 drug problem in Henry County.
- 2. 2013: Survey by A.R.I.E.S. indicated 50 percent felt Suboxone is a problem in Henry County.
- 3. 2012: Survey of participants in Substance Abuse Treatment Program at the Jail/Jail Annex, prescription/OTC drug abuse was identified in 93% of the participants. (55 inmates) Suboxone is increasing in identified use by participants. 4.. 2012: Prescription drug abuse started out with 60% of those indicated in #1 in their teen years with physicians prescribing drug for injuries.
- 5. 2012: Records of the HCSC Juvenile Officer indicated that there were four arrests for prescription type drugs
- 6. 2012: The Henry County Clerk's Office Cases (all courts) by Offense Code Report showed the following:

Dealing in cocaine or narcotic drug - 1

Dealing in cocaine or narcotic drug 3 gr or more – 1

Obtaining a Controlled Substance by Fraud or Deceit - 4

Dealing Scheduled 1,11,111 control substance – 4

Dealing Scheduled 1.11.111 control substance -in/on/within - 10

Possession Coc/Schedule 1 or 11 Narcotic – in/on/within - 1

Possession Scheduled 1,11,111,1v Control Substance; in/on/within – 1

Possession Scheduled 1,11,111,or IV Controlled Substance – 25

Possession Cocaine/Methamphetamine Or Sched. 1 or 11 Narcotic – 1

Operating Vehicle w/Scheduled 1 or 11 Controlled Substance (or its..) – 3



End of Year 1 Update:

- 1. 2014: Survey by A.R.I.E.S. 159 responses (ages 15-76) indicated prescriptions drugs as the number one problem in Henry County for abuse of drugs. This was 88% of those participating. Second drug indicated as major problem was alcohol.
- 2. 2014: Survey by A.R.I.E.S. Seventy two percent of the participants indicated they agreed that Suboxone is a problem in Henry County. This is an increase of 22 percent over last year.
- **3.** 2013: Survey of 51 participants in the Substance Abuse Treatment Program at the Jail/Jail Annex identified that prescription/OTC drug abuse was a problem in 80 percent of the inmates. Sixty percent indicated they had tried suboxone.
- **4.** 2013: Participant survey of the 51 involved in the Substance Abuse Treatment Program indicated that 84% of those that started use of prescription drugs in the teens were first given a prescription by a physician due to injuries.
- **5.** Records of HCSC Juvenile Officer did not indicate any arrests for prescription type drugs.
- **6.** 2013: The Henry County Clerk's Office Cases (all courts) by Offense Code Report showed the following:

Dealing in cocaine or narcotic drug – 3 (increase of 2)

Dealing in cocaine or narcotic drug 3 gr or more – 3 (increase of 2)

Obtaining a Controlled Substance by Fraud or Deceit – 21 (increase of 17)

Dealing Scheduled 1,11,111 control substance – 26 (increase of 22)

Dealing Scheduled 1,11,111 control substance –in/on/within – 4 (decrease of 6)

Possession Coc/Schedule 1 or 11 Narcotic – in/on/within – 1 (same)

Possession Scheduled 1,11,111,1v Control Substance; in/on/within – 3 (increase of 2)

Possession Scheduled 1,11,111,or IV Controlled Substance – 47 (increase of 22)

Possession Cocaine/Methamphetamine Or Sched. 1 or 11 Narcotic – 3 (increase of 2)

Operating Vehicle w/Scheduled 1 or 11 Controlled Substance (or its..) -8 (increase of 5)

End of Year 2 Update:

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Final Update (end of Year 3):

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C. Goals:

- 1. Expand the opportunities of treatment programs for individuals who have prescription/OTC drug abuse issues to additional clients. i.e. women.
- 2. Increase the public awareness of the effects (on the individual and family members) of prescription/OTC drug abuse through public events, organizations, media, and other methods.
- 3. Increase the number of arrests and case filings identified as prescription drug issues.

End of Year 1 Annual Benchmarks:

- 1. For incarcerated women, we have a treatment series called "Recovering Hope" which has a strong emphasis on prescription drugs and their effect on themselves and children. This started June 2013 at the HCSD. Three series were held at the both the Jail Annex and the Jail for a total of 19 women. Another one session program "When I Use, We Both Lose" which targets only prescription drug usage was started in September. This program was held at both locations for a total of 13 women.
 - 2. Two drop off sites for unused drugs are open in Henry County 24/7 in the lobbies of the Sheriff's Department and the New Castle Police Department. We had a poster related to this project in all our booths at all fairs and festivals in the county. Since June, we have had five news articles on this project in county newspapers. We are now filling our collection box at least once a month. Prescription drugs abuse awareness was the topic of a program sponsored by one of the churches for the general community.

We included three special handouts and a display on this topic at seven community fairs/festivals from June – December 2013.

In a large display window on Broad Street (main street through New Castle), prescription drugs were the target twice in this period of time.

A program for parents of juvenile offenders included prescription drug information. These parents were very interested in this topic and we continued this to a second session.

In February, a letter was written to all Henry County Pharmacies about the disposal of unused prescription drugs. This letter along with two posters (one laminated- both on card stock) was delivered to the twelve pharmacies. This was to help their customers know what was available to them and how they should dispose of unused drugs. The staff was very receptive to this resource for their customers. The Sheriff delivered this information personally to the twelve pharmacies.

3. Records received from the three county courts indicated an increase of 74 arrests identified in the Prescription Drug categories.

End of Year 2 Annual Benchmarks:



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Final Report (end of Year 3):

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D. Objectives:

- 1. Continue with current methods (and explore additional opportunities) for educating school age and adults that prescription/OTC drugs are currently abused and misused in Henry County.
- 2. Work with trainers/counselors of substance abuse treatment programs to keep them up-to-date on what is actually happening in Henry County, identify those abusing prescription drugs and encourage them to address protective factors of academic competence and anti-drug use policies.
- **3.** Support these treatment program that address prescription drug/OTC abuse.
- **4.** Support and encourage the use of Prescription/OTC drop off sites in the county and "prescription pill drops."
- 5. Support the enforcement and adjudication of prescription/OTC drugs.

End of Year 1 Update:

- 1. A program was given to a community open meeting sponsored by one of the churches. With the assistance of one of the deputies, we talked about prescription drug abuse in our county, provided handouts and displays. Eighteen adults attended this program.
 - We have given programs on prescription drugs to two high school health classes and four child development classes for a total of 91 students.
 - At the December Voice meeting (representatives from all high schools and middle schools in the county), an inmate shared his experiences with the abuse of prescription drugs. Thirty-two students attended this program representing all high schools in the county.
- **2.** Resources such as displays have been made available to individuals who work with addicts to help them keep up to date on local issues related to prescription/OTC drugs.
- 3. A.R.I.E.S. provides funds for three treatment programs offered in the jail that includes prescription drugs/OTC treatment techniques. The Youth League and Court Services Programs (both funded by A.R.I.E.S.) have a strong focus on this issue. DARE: keepin it Real is funded and it includes this topic. A.R.I.E.S. funds a special Outreach Program which coordinates the news releases, displays at fairs and acts as a resource for other groups who want information on prescription drugs/OTC.



Participation data for each: SATP/Recovering Hope (51 inmates); Thinking for a Change (17 inmates); Youth League (28); Court Services (106); DARE (199 3rd and 4th graders, 475 5th graders, 102 middle school students); Outreach (do not have total numbers because lot relate to public displays, news articles, exhibits...etc where numbers are not easily determined).

- 4. As mention in # 2 of the benchmarks for problem 1, we use multiple methods to have an on-going community awareness of our drop off sites. Multiple news releases have targeted this resource. A special awareness was completed with all pharmacies in the county. The drugs from the collection boxes are put in special containers with a specific liquid. Usually once a year, the state has a day that these are all taken to Indianapolis to a drop off site and weighed. The date was missed in 2013...therefore, we still have 2013's collection waiting to be taken and weighed. At that time we will know an amount that has been collected.
- 5. Officers in the Drug Task Force had training related to prescription drug abuse and over the counter drug abuse. Extra patrol funds have been used during the final stages of prescription drug arrests. Two officers attended training "Criminal Drug Interdiction Techniques and Concealment Locations for two days in March. On March 4, all New Castle officers and Henry County Sheriff's Department deputies attended state mandated training which is included substance abuse and documentation.

End of Year 2 Update	:
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Final Update (end of Year 3):

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- A. Problem Statement #2: Increase the number of youth referred to treatment for alcohol use.
- **B. Supportive Data:**



- **1.** 2012: Records of the HCSD Juvenile Officer included 12 violations of liquor laws by juveniles and 7 PI and/or drunkenness.
- **2.** 2013: 2013 Quarter 1 Henry County Probation Department Report to State indicated 13 juveniles convicted of a substance abuse offense.
- **3.** Youth League addresses alcohol and drug addiction in their program in a treatment format.
- **4.** Sheriff's Camp, DARE: keepin it Real, and Too Good for Drugs include alcohol use in their educational programing.
- **5.** Assessment of clients in the Substance Treatment Program which focus on the age of their first use of alcohol often revealed the first drink was in the elementary school age group. However, one revealed it was given to him in his bottle by his parents, one at age 5 by father allowing him to take sips of his own beer, one at age 8 from an older sister, and one at age 8 by stealing from his father's stash.

End of Year 1 Update:

- **1.** 2013: Records of the HCSD Juvenile Officer included fifteen violations of liquor laws by juveniles.
- **2.** Henry County Probation Department Reports to the State indicated 19 juveniles convicted of a substance abuse offense.
- 3. Youth League has continued to address alcohol and drug addiction in the program in a treatment format. This includes the use of fatal vision goggles and SIDNE (simulated impaired driving experience). Their program also included an interactive talk with a mother who had lost her son because he was drunk while he was driving.
- 4. Sheriff's Camp included 89 youth who utilized the fatal vision goggles, heard a talk by deputies, and used SIDNE to address the hazards of alcohol use. One of the sessions of Too Good For Drugs targets alcohol. This included 559 students in the fall semester. Dare: keepin it Cool is addressing this at the current time.
- 5. Assessments of clients in the Substance Treatment Program continue to reveal the first use of alcohol was in their own home at an early age. In the 51 clients in this program, 28 reported this first drink was before age 14. Some indicated that it was 'the norm' for children to drink while their parents were drinking alcohol.

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Final Update (end of Year 3):

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C. Goals:

- 1. Increase the treatment opportunities for youth with alcohol use problems.
- **2.** Create a tracking system to identify individuals referred to treatment opportunities. This would include those that actually participate.
- **3.** Decrease the number of alcohol related arrests.
- **4.** Increase awareness of children/youth as to the effects of alcohol use.
- **5.** Provide resources for programs and activities that target school age children on the issues of alcohol use.
- **6.** Increase the awareness of parents on issues such as role modeling and behaviors that influence children's introduction to alcohol use while emphasis the negative effects of this drug.

End of Year 1 Annual Benchmarks:

- 1. We developed a modified curriculum of the adult version of "Thinking for a Change" for a series for teens. Sheriff Butch Baker took the idea to one of the judges for their response. The idea was then presented at a meeting of the judges, probation department and school officials. It is designed to be used with youth who are identified as having an alcohol problem. Plans are not finalized at this time and may not start until the beginning of the 2014-2015 school year.
- 2. The Probation Department developed a tracking system to identify individuals referred to treatment opportunities. Nineteen have been referred since June 1, 2013.
- 3. There were 215 alcohol arrests from June 1, 2013 to Feb. 28, 2014. Comparing next year's data will indicate a trend.
- 4. Our programs target students from second grade to seniors in programs which work to increase the awareness of children/youth as to the effects of alcohol. Involved are: Too Good for Drugs (559 2^{nd} graders, 520 3^{rd} graders), DARE keeping it Cool (199 $3^{rd}/4^{th}$ graders), Voice (at county meetings 25-35 representing five school systems attend plus many more in the individual schools ...so not have a count of these), Sheriff's Camp (78 youth+11 jr ldrs), and Youth League (28 youth, 39 parents). The fairs reach more children with the parents often looking on.
- **5.** A major goal we completed this year was a program that reached **1988 students** and over 30 adults in October. Larry Higgins (Arrive Alive) presented five programs on October 14th and 15 in the **five middle schools** in our county. In two of the schools, administrators had the high school students also attend the program. He had a son killed by a drunk driver. Besides his talk, he included a video of his son which showed the actual police photos that were taken at the wreck. In a trailer with Plexiglas on the sides, students got to see the burned vehicle his son was driving. Many students had tears in their eyes as the program ended. Voice students (a program we sponsor in all schools) worked with the program by helping with set up, introducing the speaker, passing out dog tags that said "Remember Jamie's Message"



and closing the program. Several members of the Board were involved in the 'mechanics' of this program.

6. The programs given for parents of juvenile offenders stress 'role modeling' and its effect on their children. (39 parents) In all Substance Abuse Programs at the jail and jail annex there is a heavy focus on how their behavior affects their children. This is accomplished by looking back at their own childhood, exercises on effects, and videos such as Innocent Addicts, Lost Childhood, and Children: Under the Influence, When I Use, and Snow Babies. (51 inmates) This is also included in the programs that have been given to women's groups (18 women), mothers at day care(6 moms), and the community program sponsored by the church (18 adults).

End of	'Year	2 Annual	Benc	hmarks:
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Final Report (end of Year 3):

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D. Objectives:

- 1. Work with faith based community programs or other groups to develop an NA segment for youth.
- **2.** Offer a pilot "Thinking for a Change" program for youth. Then utilizing the results of this pilot, seek funds to provide this resource to youth on a regular basis.
- **3.** Work with the Probation Department and the HCSD Juvenile Officer to create a referral system to available resources and track referrals and participation.
- **4.** Explore other potential treatment programs that might provide service within the county.
- **5.** Provide funding for treatment programs for youth in Henry County.

End of Year 1 Update:

1. We have contacted two different faith based community programs with the idea of starting a NA segment for youth. In both cases, they have indicated a potential interest. Material has been provided to them, and then after a period of time, they have decided not to continue with the idea. In one case, the youth minister that was



interested left the county and the new minister was not interested. It is on our list of ideas, but it not active at the current time.

- 2. We have modified the curriculum to offer a "Thinking for a Change" Youth program in 10 scheduled sessions. We have an instructor willing to do the program. The Sheriff and Probation Department is working with a group of school officials and justice individuals to put this into process.
- 3. The Probation Department and the HSCD Juvenile Officer have been very active in developing this referral system. It is in operation with 19 referrals in 2013.
- 4. We have explored other ideas. We are developing an idea that Charlie Willis, ARIES Chair is working with the schools to add a program which would assist each school system with random drug testing. It will probably begin before school is out in part of the schools and in September in the other schools.
- 5. We have designated funding for the youth version of "Thinking for a Change" and for the new program that is in the final stages of planning.

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Final Update (end of Year 3):

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- 3. A. Problem Statement #3: Decrease alcohol related crimes for adults and youth.

B. Supportive Data:

- 1. 2012: 106 OVWI arrests (adults)
- 2. 2012: 56 PI and Liquor Law violations in 2012 (adults)
- **3.** 2012: 193 adults and 9 youth were court ordered to attend Destructive Decisions Panel
- **4.** 2013: A.R.I.E.S. Survey indicated that 59% percent of the respondents felt alcohol was a problem in Henry County.
- **5.** 2013: A.R.I.E.S. Survey data showed 92% of the respondents were aware of an adult that uses alcohol or other drug and 79% of them were aware of youth who use alcohol or drugs.



6. 2012: HCSD Juvenile Officer reported that 6 youth violated liquor laws and 7 were arrested for PI or drunkenness.

End of Year 1 Update:

End of Year 2 Undate:

- 1. 2013: 136 OVWI arrests (adults)
- 2. 2013: 79 PI and Liquor Law violations in 2013 (adults)
- **3.** 2013: Between June 1, 2013 and March 31, 2014, 143 adults and 9 youth were attended Destructive Decisions Panel (Victim Impact Panels) held in August 2013 and February 2014. There were 23 guests at the two sessions. Numbers court ordered to attend for the two sessions included 90/102.
- 4. 2013-2014: A.R.I.E.S. Survey indicated that 79% percent of the respondents felt alcohol was a problem in Henry County.
- 5. 2013-2014: A.R.I.E.S. Survey data showed 67.9 of the respondents were aware of an adult that uses alcohol or other drug and 75% of them were aware of youth who use alcohol or drugs.
- **6.** 2013-2014: HCSD Juvenile Officer reported that 15 youth violated liquor laws.

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Final Update (end of Year 3):

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C. Goals:

- 1. Increase court cases filed for alcohol abuse by adults and youth.
- **2.** Increase youth's knowledge of the effects of alcohol use and the potential outcome of use at an early age.
- **3.** Increase the awareness of people who see alcohol as a problem in Henry County.
- **4.** Improve the general involvement of different groups and individuals in the efforts against alcohol abuse.

End of Year 1 Annual Benchmarks:



- 1. Court cases for alcohol abuse by adults and youth indicated 136 OVWI and 79 PI and Liquor Law violations. This is a total of 215...an increase of 53.
- 2. Increasing youth's knowledge of the effects of alcohol use and the potential outcome use at an early age was the focus of the October programs which reached 1988 students, the 86 campers at the Summer Sheriff's Camp, 559 second graders who participated in Too Good For Drugs (covered in one of five sessions).
- 3. Having programs which are given by victims of the abusive use of alcohol has a strong influence on people. The newspaper published two intensive articles on the October program. We had SIDNE at the Henry County Community Health Fair with over 50 participants besides those who were observers. During the year, 455 individuals participated in the SIDNE (Simulated Impaired Driving Experience) project).
- 4. We have increased the variety of program participants/observers this year. The fairs have always reached a wide variety of individuals. Presentations at Women's Business groups, Day Care parents, Church sponsored community program, and additional programs to different classes in the schools have broaden our involvement.

End of Year 2 Annual Benchmarks:

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Final Report (end of Year 3):

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D. Objectives:

Increase community awareness of the problems related to alcohol use issues by participating in events in the community and when appropriate using on-hands activities.

- 1. Increase the involvement of teen organizations in projects related to alcohol/drug use.
- 2. Modify the A.R.I.E.S. Survey to encompass youth's thoughts such as "alcohol is not a big deal" and "There is nothing to do." Explore the idea of identifying alcohol and other specific drugs, giving age of first use and source.



- **3.** Conduct a survey of 'youth serving organizations' asking what extracurricular activities they provide and age they are serving. Council use this information to consider needs and create an awareness of what is available.
- **4.** Contact youth organizations such as FFA with the idea of them doing a project related to alcohol and other drug abuse issues. This might be a competetivie project with an exhibit at the Annual Farmer's Breakfast. (or target another group).
- **5.** Make arrangements for a speaker to visit middle schools and give a presentation to the entire student body. This speaker could give a talk for the adults in the evening.
- **6.** Expand opportunities to not only have students realize the seriousness of alcohol use but learn more about programs that will help them individual. Samples of ideas: Have a project that would last at each high school for 4 to 5 days (in the same week) at each high school. Each day would focus on a different topic...i.e. job fair with employers who hire teens; a panel from 4-H, scouts, Y, and others... Provide resources for the Youth League to incorporate alcohol awareness in their program.
- 7. Explore special issues related to alcohol use among adults to add to programs and projects such as FASD, Alcohol poisoning awareness, influence on children and family, and Destructive Decisions Panel.
- **8.** Increase community education through media and town hall educational event.

End of Year 1 Update:

- 1. Our Voice group is becoming more active in a variety of active programs within their school. An example would be their assistance with the special program last October in all middle schools. They assisted with the distribution of the Alcohol Poisoning Posters throughout the county, helped with the program in October given to all the middle schools, and toured the jail (hearing an inmate talk on drug use).
- 2. Perception questions were added to the survey and those to identify alcohol and other drug use with giving age of first use.
- 3. At the current time, we have not started on a survey of 'youth serving organizations' This is on our list of activities.
- 4. We started a project with FFA chapters giving them the task of developing and conducting a drug awareness project in their school and/or community which supports their goals. We were able to get outside funding to give each chapter a basic amount to use for operating expenses. Our local Farm Bureau and seed companies are assisting with a program to recognize these youth. Results will be in next year's reports. The funds for this program were under the Community Foundation and sent direct to the chapters. They were not handled through our accounts. A special program was held on March 25, 2014 (National Ag Day). Tri and Shenandoah FFA Chapters were invited to present their programs to the group. Fourteen FFA members took part in these presentations at the breakfast. Twenty-nine invited guests included representatives of the ag business in Henry County, ICAP, Community Foundation, law enforcement officials who are involved with the schools in Henry County, and school officials. I have received emails and comments encouraging us to continue this project next year. This project has added a new student population to our activities and a ag community base.
- 5. A speaker for middle schools has been addressed in previous year 1 updates. (1988 student participation) We had a speaker that gave 5 presentations in each of the middle schools. It was very successful and school officials have asked up to repeat this project.



- 6. Our VOICE/Red Ribbon Coordinator resigned in November (she was part time) due to adding duties in her regular job. The new individual started at the end of December. I feel she will be much more effective that our previous individual. However, at this time, we have not completed any activities under # 6.
- 7. We have a project where we developed a poster about alcohol poisoning. We placed copies is all schools and in Henry County businesses. We have given out over 120 posters. I developed a session on FASD and it has been presented at the jail, jail annex and two schools. As mentioned previously, we include the effect on children in our treatment programs and continually update our resources for this effort.
- 8. We did a 'town hall type event' sponsored by a church last fall. They called it a community awareness program. (18 adults) A.R.I.E.S. has had eleven news articles on drug abuse awareness since last July. These have been in the Courier Times and the Middletown News.

End	of '	Year	2 U	pd	ate:
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- 1.
- 2.
- **3**·
- 4.
- **5**·
- **6.**
- **8.**

Final Update (end of Year 3):

- 1.
- 2.
- **3**·
- 4.
- 5.
- 6.
- 8.

Next Annual Update Due: March 2015

Next Comprehensive Community Plan Due: March 2016

Disclaimer:



You agree that the information provided within this Plan is subject to the following Terms and Conditions. These Terms and Conditions may be modified at any time and from time to time; the date of the most recent changes or revisions will be established by the Commission and sent electronically to all Local Coordinating Councils.

Terms and Conditions:

The information and data provided is presented as factual and accurate. I hereby acknowledge that I can be asked to submit proper documentation regarding the data submitted within the Plan. Failure to do so could result in a "denied approval" by the Commission under IC 5-2-6-16.

The Local Drug Free Communities Fund must be spent according to the goals identified within the plan. I hereby acknowledge that I can be asked to submit proper documentation regarding funds that are collected, allocated, and disbursed within the county. Failure to do so could result in a "denied approval" by the Commission under IC 5-2-6-16.

Initials: O.V.



Henry County

LOCAL DRUG FREE COMMUNITIES FUND INFORMATION

- (1) Amount deposited into the drug-free communities fund during the most recent, complete calendar year, per the County Auditor:
 - The Henry County Auditor's office deposited \$_57,602.27_into the LCC's Drug-Free Community Fund from fees collected last calendar year, 2013_.
 - \$_57,602.27_+ \$650* was the total amount available for programs and administrative costs for the upcoming calendar year.
 - \$1600___ was approved for administrative costs leaving \$_56,002.27___ available for the upcoming year for programming.
- (2) Funding approval by category, including a brief description of the purpose of the grant funding:

		T
APPLICANT/PROJECT &	AMOUNT	AMOUNT
PROGRAM DESCRIPTION	REQUESTED	GRANTED
Prevention/Education		
Red Ribbon Week: sponsor essay contest and	\$1700	\$1700
coloring contest in all elementary schools in the		
county.		
Too Good for Drugs: provide an evidenced school	\$5520	\$3876
based prevention program for second and third		
graders in each of the five school corporations in		
Henry County. It utilizes goal-setting, decision		
making and effective communication skills to build		
skills for peer pressure, refusal, pro-social bonding		
and conflict resolution.		
Voice of Henry County: Provide coordination for	\$7000	\$7000
representatives of each grade in all county schools to		
form a Council to conduct drug awareness and		
prevention activities in their local schools and		
community.		
DARE: keepin it Real: Provide a multicultural,	\$10,000	\$3356
school-based substance use prevention program		
designed to help students asses the risk associated		
with substance abuse, enhance decision making and		
resistance strategies, improve anti-dug beliefs and		



550
150
2000
18,932
MOUNT
RANTED
KANTED
300
6416
3800



instructor and evidence based program that has been		
modified to meet the needs of students who have		
been sent to the 'Out of School' program and have		
not been successful in this program. It targets		
cognitive thinking and behavior.		
Youth League: Support a treatment program for at-	\$6500	\$5416
risk young men and women between the ages of 10		
and 18 who are referred by Probation and the Courts.		
It helps them build relationships with local law		
enforcement and increase their knowledge of		
resources. The overall goal is to reduce juvenile		
delinquency and recidivism among recidivism.		
Court Services: Provides services to convicted drug	\$10,000	\$5416
abusers who have been recommended by the courts		
for assessment, education services, and referrals.		
Meridian Services - outpatient	\$4500	0
TOTAL(S)	\$32,600	\$21848
	AMOUNT	AMOUNT
Criminal Justice Services	REQUESTED	GRANTED
Specialized Enforcement Detail: Supplement the	\$17,000	\$15,222.27
availability of resources by the Sheriff's Department		
and other law enforcement groups in Henry County		
in providing funds for additional detail such as		
"Operational Pullover."		
TOTAL(S)	\$17,000	\$15,222.27

(3) Total amount of dollars approved (including previous annual deposit and all unused/rolled over dollars) and dollars awarded (percentages included):

CATEGORY	Percentage of	Dollars	Percentage of	Dollars
	Dollars Approved	Approved	Dollars Awarded	Awarded
Prevention/Education	32.87%	\$18,932	32.87%	\$18,932
Treatment/Intervention	38%	\$21,848	38%	\$21,848
Criminal Justice Services	26.43%	\$15,222.27	26.43%	\$15,222.27
Administrative	2.7%	\$1600	2.7%	\$1600
TOTAL(S)	100%	\$54,602.27	100%	\$57,602.27

(4) Describe the grant process and requirements for the grantees:



Each year grants are advertised in local newspapers with an article to invite agencies to apply. All applicants must identify which problem statement they will be addressing with the funds requested. A grant committee is formed by members of local ARIES LCC, to decide which applicants will be awarded grants with the money available in the Community Drug Free Fund. The committee's recommendations are presented to the ARIES Board for approval. Recipients who are awarded funding are notified by mail of their award amount. Award recipients are required to submit both six-month and yearly report (includes financial information) to the LCC and submit quarterly reports of activities.

(5) Provide administrative expenses (be specific):

EXPENSE	COST
Liability Insurance	
Postage and Printing	\$235.85
Data Processing	\$33.77
Misc, Program Expense	\$306.00
Mileage	
Office Supplies	\$6.94
Admin. Core Cost	\$1017.44
TOTAL	L(S) \$1600.00

- (6) Provide summary explanation of amount of any unused dollars from previous years:
- (7) Additional Comments:
 - \$650 from the Henry County Community Foundation was used by VOICE
 of Henry County to provide books in all of the libraries in every school in
 Henry County. These related to living in a family with members who
 have an addiction, consequences of drug abuse, handling peer pressure to
 use drugs, and other related issues. One of the school librarians in the
 county helped the group select appropriate books for the three levels of
 schools (elementary, middle school, and high school)

